



FRIDAY EVENING, SEPTEMBER 30.

THE PEOPLE of this country, certainly those of Virginia, have never been so prosperous and contented as they were during the long low tariff and democratic rule that existed previous to the war between the States. If a low tariff would be injurious to the people now, why was it not so then? and if the democrats be opposed to the interests of labor now, why were they not then also? The fathers of the present generation were as wise as their sons, but they lived long lives and died without ever conceiving the idea that the democratic party was the "aristocratic" party of the State, and was opposed to the interests of poor people. Indeed, if any party had a suspicion of the kind referred to attached to it, it was the whig party, most of whose members in the North joined the republican party. The very name of the democratic party shows that it is the people's, that is, the poor man's party, and that it always has been, and is such, not only in this, but in all other countries in which there are, or have been, political parties, goes without saying. When a laboring man in Virginia leaves the democratic party on the ground that it is opposed to the interests of labor, he casts a grave imputation upon his own intelligence.

MR. SHARP will go to the penitentiary for bribing the members of the New York City Council in the matter of the street railroads of that city. The evidence of bribery in the cases of some of the parties interested in the Pacific railroads is just as strong. The bribed in one case were city councilmen, and the sufferer the city of New York; in the other the bribed were Congressmen, and the sufferer the national government. The books in the former were produced; in the latter they were concealed. Why, for the same offense, an old and sick man should be imprisoned for life, while young and lusty ones are permitted to live free and luxurious lives, unsophisticated people can't tell.

CIVIL SERVICE COMMISSIONER OBERLY says the Illinois democratic association of Washington, being, as it is, an organization of federal office holders from Illinois, its members, by its very existence, violated several of the penal codes of the civil service law. What is true of the Illinois democratic association of Washington, must be true of the political associations of all the other States in Washington, republican as well as democratic, and Mr. Oberly, as a conscientious officer of the Government, should not only have those associations disbanded, but have the individual members thereof prosecuted in the courts for their violation of the civil service law.

THE PHILADELPHIA Record is rarely wrong; but it is sadly erroneous when, in speaking of the possible nomination of Gen. Sheridan by the next national republican convention, it says: "Sheridan would make a candidate of the truly heroic type. There is no sham of any sort about him." Has the Record forgotten the General's sham battles with the unarmed members of the Louisiana legislature, and with the squaws and papooses of a Pagan camp, when all the tucks were away?

M. TILGHMAN, consular clerk at Berlin, has been arrested for defrauding Americans as well as Germans in that city. Mr. Tilghman is another one of Secretary Bayard's unfortunate appointees. Mr. Tilghman's dismissal was compulsory. His democracy was doubtful. Mr. Porch, consul to Mexico, was dismissed because, as required by his regard for his country, he reported the facts in the case of special envoy Sedgwick. His democracy was unquestioned.

THE EMPLOYERS in a few coal mines in Pennsylvania struck for higher wages. Their demand was at once granted. But the owners of the mines immediately availed themselves of the opportunity thereby afforded to increase their own profits greatly by advancing the price of coal. Strikes are rarely successful; never, unless, as in the case referred to, the employer is profited at the expense of the public—the public, of course, being poor people.

THE NEW YORK World interviewed the members of the late democratic convention of the State of New York on the subject of their preference for the next Presidency. One hundred and sixty favored President Cleveland, and forty-three Governor Hill. But, ominously for the former, one hundred and twenty had nothing to say. No wonder the New York Sun says the convention was anti Cleveland.

## FROM WASHINGTON.

[Special Correspondence of the ALEX. GAZETTE.]  
WASHINGTON, D. C., Sept. 30, 1887.  
Ex-Congressman Lovering, the democrat candidate for Governor of Massachusetts, in a private letter to a friend, received here to-day, says he has been in eleven fights and been victorious in nine, and that his chances in some of those he won were more unfavorable than those he now has. It is the impression of many people here that the real object of the promoters of the Shepherd demonstration is not so much to do honor to the self-confessed centre of the once infamous Shepherd ring, as to boom the project of the ex-boss to raise more money for developing his silver mines in Mexico, in which several of the promoters referred to are said to be interested.

It is said among those familiar with the workings of the Postoffice Department that the recent removal of the offensive republican postmaster at Springfield, Ohio, and the

appointment of a simon pure democrat in his place, was the first effect of the recent visit of Mr. Powell, the democratic candidate for Governor of that State, to the White House, and, also, that that change is only an earnest of others of the same sort that are to take place, not only in Ohio, but in other States, and that recent events have induced the administration to doubt the wisdom of the course it has been pursuing with regard to the removal of republican office holders in the Northern States, and to believe, after all, that practical politics are factors of no little consideration in the attainment of political success.

A Baltimorean, here to-day, says no body can tell what strength is possessed by the so-called reform democrats there. But that as they belong almost entirely to the kid-glove class, their defection may possibly induce some of the bare handed republicans to support the democratic ticket. "Then, too," said he, "we are going to repent what they formerly said about the republicans, whom they are now assisting, for their treatment of ex-Confederates."

Mr. S. L. Cochran, formerly of Loudoun county, Va., but more recently of Alexandria, who has been appointed superintendent of the industrial school at Keam's Cavern, Arizona, through the influence of ex-Congressman Barbour, will leave here tomorrow to assume the duties of his position. Accounts from Petersburg to-day are to the effect that Gen. Mahone is flooding the mails with his campaign documents. He has recently issued four more, under the following titles: 1st. "The Barbour Blight—Points and Proofs for the People." 2d. "Republican Domination: What it has done for Virginia. A Brilliant Record." 3d. "Broken Promises. How the Bourbon and Barbour Democracy Betray Faith." 4th. "Shall We Maintain the Public Free Schools of Virginia?" Altogether 34 pages.

People from Norfolk here to-day say the recommendation of the naval board that the Barrow ship of war be built at Norfolk, instead of New York, will, in all probability, be adopted, and that it will give a great boom to their city. The ship will be of six thousand tons burden, and her construction will require the expenditure of two and a half million dollars.

The decision of civil service commissioner Oberly, that a federal office holder renders himself amenable to violation of law by joining a political association, has put the members of the various political clubs of that kind in this city, most of whom do hold federal office, in quite a commotion. Some good lawyers say Mr. Oberly is sustained by the law, and that the freedom of every man in the federal service has been abridged by that law; but others say the immunity with which he has been allowed to exceed the civil service law in his civil service rules, has emboldened him to take this last step, and that they will not believe he is justified therein until ex-Senator Thurman, of Ohio, and ex-Representative Tucker, of Virginia, to whom the case has been submitted, shall make their report.

When the recent appointment of Miss Phoebe Cousins to the office of U. S. Marshal of Missouri, shall be sent to the Senate for confirmation, it will be the first time the name of a woman was ever sent to that body for such an office. Her present appointment was made by Justice Miller, of the U. S. Supreme Court, but it is generally expected that the President will reappoint her, though she has strong republican leanings.

A subscriber of the GAZETTE, at noon to-day, told the GAZETTE's correspondent that he had not, up to that hour, received his paper, which was mailed to him at Alexandria yesterday evening.

Mr. A. Gordon Jones, formerly of Alexandria, will leave here tomorrow for Memphis, to enter upon the duties of Superintendent of the Memphis and Little Rock Railroad, to which position he has recently been appointed.

The offering of bonds to the government to-day up to 12 o'clock amounted to \$49,450, of which \$37,950 were fours and \$11,500 were four and a-halves.

GEN. LEE'S BIBLE.—Twenty-five years ago a regiment of Maine soldiers were encamped on Arlington Heights, and the boys, understanding that anything belonging to the rebels was common property, and, therefore, subject to confiscation, ransacked the old Lee mansion pretty thoroughly. They captured old pipes and cigars and wines and pictures and everything that was portable. Of course, they did not need many of these things. Such articles which had belonged to Gen. Lee had a peculiar interest and were very desirable. One soldier, who arrived late after the desirable articles had been taken, found the old family Bible, and sent it down East to his home in Maine. There were Bibles in Maine, but none like this. After the war was over this soldier returned home, and found to his surprise that the Bible contained all the usual ingredients, including the ten commandments and Apocrypha, but in addition to these, between the Old and the New Testaments, was a complete family record, giving the history of the Lee family for the past two hundred years. The soldier was sorry that he had taken the book, but too proud to acknowledge the fault, and so he held his peace. In the meanwhile biographers were at work on the life of Gen. Lee and certain dates regarding the birth and marriage of his ancestors were wanting. If an old family Bible could be found it would afford the necessary information. Advertisements were inserted in the papers, and by and by came a letter from Maine saying the Bible was in the possession of a soldier's widow, who would gladly restore it to the owner. Before the property could be recovered, however, the widow died, and then came another long wait until the estate was settled. But at last the book was fully identified and turned over to a messenger, who passed through Boston yesterday, carrying it back to its old place at Arlington Heights. The foolish act of a boy soldier has hindered the completion of an important historical work for years, but the Bible is at last restored to its owner, and the biographer can now complete his task.—Boston Globe.

EPISODE IN HIGH LIFE.—One of the best jokes of the season occurred the other day at "Oak View." A venerable couple from this county were visiting friends near President Cleveland's country residence in the District of Columbia. Mr. Cleveland is very sociable and is pleased to have his neighbors neighborly and to call frequently. During the sojourn of our county folks they went over to pay their respects to the farmer President and statesman. Three days after the visit our Jefferson friend discovered that he had exchanged hats with the President, and Mr. Cleveland was not aware of the swap until the Jeffersonian called again and assured the nation's chief that he had not come for office, but only to bring back his hat. Grover shook his fat sides with hearty laughter, and declared himself quite satisfied with the exchange, as Mr. A.'s hat was quite new, while his own was decidedly the worse for the wear during his tramp through the Adirondacks. After a pleasant chat on the porch the Jeffersonian bade the President a hearty good-by, and left with Mr. Cleveland's promise to be mindful of his invitation to come to see him in West Virginia. Either way the President's hat got a good head in it.—Charleston (W. Va.) Free Press.

## NEWS OF THE DAY.

Cardinal Gibbons has arrived at St. Paul, Minn.

Gen. Latrobe has accepted the democratic nomination for Mayor of Baltimore.

Mrs. Otto Goldschmidt (Jenny Lind) has had a stroke of paralysis. Her mind is unimpaired.

Tennessee yesterday voted on the adoption of the prohibition amendment to the State constitution. Both sides claim the State.

Negotiations, it is said, are going on for the sale of a controlling interest in the Annapolis, Washington and Baltimore Railroad to the Baltimore and Drum Point Railroad Company.

Miss Rose Elizabeth Cleveland, sister of President Cleveland, has commenced her new duties as teacher of American history in a young ladies' boarding school near Central Park, New York.

Civil Service Commissioner Oberly decides that federal employees cannot belong to State political associations, which decision has kicked up somewhat of a hubbub in Washington, and it is said a legal fight will be the result.

The democratic convention of the Sixth district has nominated Col. S. M. Robertson, of Baton Rouge, La., for Congress, to succeed his father, the late Col. E. W. Robertson. Col. Robertson is an avowed supporter of Gov. McEnery for reelection.

There is a sudden break in the Shepherd reception preparation in Washington said to be due to the labor organizations refusing to take part in the parade should Andy Gleeson, the contractor, and Dan J. McCarthy, a house builder, be allowed to carry out certain contracts.

The shooting incident on the Franco German frontier is still under investigation, but the French are rapidly narrowing the field of inquiry to French territory, where the shooting seems to have occurred, and it is said that M. Fournes will demand the punishment of Kaufmann, who did the shooting.

District Attorney Worthington, in Washington, yesterday, argued his side of the boycott case now on trial in the Police Court there. He held that a conspiracy had been established, and that he was defending the vast number of workmen and non union workmen. Judge Snell reserved his decision.

M. Schnabele, jr., who was arrested on the 20th instant by the German authorities for crossing the frontier and affixing a treasonable placard bearing the tricolor upon a tree near the roadway, has been sentenced to three weeks' imprisonment and a fine of 20 marks. The time he has already spent in prison will be credited to him against his sentence.

The concert hall and saloon at Houston and Crosby streets, New York, widely known as Harry Hill's was finally closed yesterday, after a notorious existence of 34 years. Mr. Hill notified the Chief of Police yesterday that he had gone out of business. He claims to have been hounded by the police because he refused to submit to blackmail. He has accumulated a large fortune.

Professor C. W. Williams, of Cincinnati, made a successful parachute descent at the Mexico fair grounds, Oswego, N. Y., yesterday from a balloon 3,000 feet in the air. Upon cutting loose from the balloon, the parachute failed to inflate, owing to the parachute becoming entangled, and he fell five hundred feet, then the ribs broke and the parachute inflated. He landed in a heap in a cornfield. But for the breaking of the ribs he would have been killed.

## VIRGINIA NEWS.

H. E. Culpepper, of Norfolk, was the lowest bidder yesterday at \$2,300 for repairing the St. Helena wharf, opposite the Norfolk navy yard.

Col. Wertenbaker, of the Third regiment, has asked that quarters be assigned to the ten companies of his regiment which expect to be in Richmond on the 27th to take part in the laying of the cornerstone of the Lee monument. Gen. Wade Hampton has telegraphed Gov. Lee accepting the position of chief marshal of the parade on that day.

Tuesday Lexington was thrown into a state of excitement by the escape of a large Russian Cinnamon bear, the property of Mr. William Newman. The street was full of people when the bear made its appearance in the Courthouse square. The bear was a large and dangerous animal and was being fattened for Christmas killing. After much ado the bear was shot and killed.

In the U. S. District Court at Lynchburg yesterday the jury in the case of J. S. Farden vs. the Virginia Midland Railroad Company amended their verdict by agreement of counsel, awarding the plaintiff \$1,500 damages instead of \$2,500. The amendment was made by direction of the court, which would otherwise have set the verdict aside. There was a non suit in the case of Alfred Tallyson against the same company. The court adjourned to meet in Harrisburg next week.

A short time ago G. W. Coard and Wm. J. Colebourne, residents of Accomac County, filed a bill of complaint in the county court against the filthy condition of the county jail, claiming that its filth rendered their houses nearly uninhabitable, and was injurious to the health of the occupants. The other night one of Mr. Coard's children died of fever produced, he charges, by emanations from the sewer gas from the jail. Mr. Coard has another child ill with the fever, and it is said he will begin a suit against the county.

COURT OF APPEALS AT STAUNTON, 29th. The following are the decisions rendered to-day:

Washington, Ohio and Western Railroad Company vs. Cazenove. From Clarke. Affirmed. Judge Lewis delivering the opinion; Judge Fauntleroy dissenting as to the liability of Clarke county and concurring as to the rest.

Horne's executor vs. Ebersole. From Frederick. Reversed and affirmed, Judge Lucy delivering the opinion.

Welphey vs. The Shenandoah Iron and Lead Mining and Manufacturing Company. From Page. Reversed and remanded, Judge Fauntleroy delivering the opinion.

Jeter vs. Price. From Montgomery. Writ of error improvidently awarded. Remanded and dismissed for want of jurisdiction.

Womack vs. Glasgow. From Botetourt. Reversed and remanded, Judge Hinton delivering the opinion; Judge Richardson dissenting as to some points, but concurring in the reversal.

Flick vs. Fridley. From Rockingham. Affirmed, Judge Fauntleroy delivering the opinion.

Dillard & McCorkle vs. Dunlop & Karr, and Hickson vs. same. From Amherst. Reversed, Judge Richardson delivering the opinion.

In the case of Blakemore vs. Oler's administrator, from Augusta, argument was concluded by M. F. White for appellee and W. E. Craig for appellant and submitted.

A Baltimore confectioner says: "I've had rheumatism in my arm for six months, and Salvation Oil made an entire cure of it, after using less than one bottle."

WM. SCHELLHAS, JR., 444 Pennsylvania ave., Baltimore, Md.



## TO-DAY'S TELEGRAPHIC NEWS.

## The Victorious Volunteer.

NEW YORK, Sept. 30.—The second race between the Volunteer and Thistle for the possession of the America's cup will be sailed to-day. A heavy fog covers everything and rain falls almost continuously. The weather has had the effect of driving away the excursion steamers and no trouble will be caused by them. The course will be 20 miles straight out to sea and return.

SANDY HOOK, 11.10 a. m.—The yachts crossed the line about 10:48. The Volunteer ten minutes after the start was well to windward and pulling away from the Thistle. The wind is from east north-east and blowing at the rate of 24 miles an hour.

SANDY HOOK, 12.30.—The wind has increased several miles within the last half hour. Eight miles from the starting point the Volunteer was leading the Thistle by an eighth of a mile and was to windward of her. The Volunteer stood up much better than the Thistle. The sea is very heavy.

SANDY HOOK, N. Y., 1 p. m.—The Volunteer is to the windward and leading by one mile. She carries her mainsail, forestaysail, jib and topsail. The Thistle carries the same sail. The wind is blowing 30 miles an hour.

The Volunteer turned the stake boat at 2.25. She appears to take to the swell with better grace than the Thistle. The latter is all awash. She buries her bows dreadfully. She is over two miles astern of the Volunteer.

SANDY HOOK, 4.30 P. M.—The Volunteer crossed the finish line at 4:24, defeating the Thistle three miles.

The America's cup was originally the One Hundred Guinea cup, which the Royal Yacht Squadron of London put up at its annual regatta around the Isle of Wight. This race was open to all nations, with no allowance for size or rig. It was won by the schooner America in 1851 and was brought to this country and retained for several years. It was concluded to make it an international challenge cup, in which any foreign yacht may compete upon giving six months' notice. The cup is of solid silver and weighs 100 ounces. It is exactly 2 feet high. On it are inscribed brief histories of the cup and the contests waged over it. It has been successfully defended by American yachts against the schooners Cambrin, Livonia, Countess of Duferin, and the sloops Atlanta, Geneva, Galatea and Thistle.

## The Presidential Party.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 30.—The vestibule train with the Presidential party on board left the Baltimore and Potomac station at 10 o'clock this morning. About fifty persons gathered in front of the White House this morning to witness the President and Mrs. Cleveland's departure on their Western trip. The weather, which has been rainy and disagreeable for the past three days, cleared off beautifully this morning just in time to verify the proverbial good luck of the President. The President wore his usual black suit, while Mrs. Cleveland was dressed in a brown silk bodice with white spring skirt and bonnet to match.

BALTIMORE, Sept. 30.—The Presidential train reached this city at 11:10 this morning. As soon as the train stopped the President and Mrs. Cleveland were seen about the centre of the Pullman car. He sat near the window, and to a request to go to the platform of the car, shook his head. As soon as the messenger could reach him a dispatch was put in his hands asking him to stand on the platform while passing Hanover Junction. The President wore a light slouch hat, which he removed only once. At 11:15 sharp the signal was given and the train pulled out and proceeded on its way. There was no demonstration by the people assembled at the station.

## Killed by his Wife.

NEW ORLEANS, Sept. 30.—A special to the Times-Democrat from Rollingford says: "On Wednesday night Bob Bard, colored, got into a fight with his wife. After he had been turned away and as he did so she remarked: 'If that gun was loaded, I would shoot you.' He turned, picked up the gun, cocked it and placing the muzzle against his breast, told her to shoot. She caught hold of the trigger and pulled and the gun was discharged. Bard raised the gun up, knocked his wife down with it and then fell dead."

## Attempt to Rob a Bank.

WILMINGTON, Del., Sept. 30.—The Farmers' Bank at Newcastles was entered at an early hour this morning by masked robbers. Their movements awoke the cashier, who seized his pistol and fired, wounding one of the intruders. His companions picked up the fallen man and quickly carried him out of the front door, making their escape. The bank floor is marked with blood where he fell. The robbers got no booty and left behind them a kit of burglars' tools, a wheel barrow and a ladder. They are supposed to have come and gone by way of a boat in the river near by.

## Train Attacked.

KANSAS CITY, Mo., Sept. 30.—A Journal special from Big Springs, Texas, says that as an east bound passenger train stopped at Odessa, near here, for water, three masked men made an attempt to capture the train, but the train hands resisted and drove them off. As they retreated they fired three shots at the train. One entered the sleeping car and passed within one inch of a passenger's head and another grazed a brakeman's head knocking him senseless. Officers are in hot pursuit. The would-be robbers left a cap and mask.

## Decline to Parade.

MILWAUKEE, Wis., Sept. 30.—By a vote of 97 to 12 the West Side Turner Society, the most influential in the State, declined an invitation to join the procession on the occasion of President Cleveland's visit. The reason assigned is that the honors to be paid the President smacked too much of the homage paid royalty in Europe. The South

Side and Vorwaerts societies took similar action.

## Railroad Accident.

ST. LOUIS, Sept. 30.—At midnight last night an express train dashed into the rear car of an excursion train which left here at 11 o'clock loaded with people who had been to the city to witness the trade pageant. Only two persons were injured.

## Arrival of Davitt.

NEW YORK, Sept. 30.—Among the passengers who landed this morning from the White Star steamer Britannia was Michael Davitt, the distinguished Irish agitator.

## Prohibition Defeated.

CHATTANOOGA, Tenn., Sept. 30.—Returns to the Times from all portions of the State indicate that the prohibition amendment is defeated by 20,000 or more.

## Steamer Burned.

MEMPHIS, Tenn., Sept. 30.—The steamer T. B. Sims burned this morning 16 miles above Memphis. One life was lost.

## The Sharp Case.

NEW YORK, Sept. 30.—Sheriff Grant was this morning served with the order granting a stay in the Sharp case.

STARVED.—Mr. Lucien Keith, formerly of Fairfax C. H., but who is now practicing law in Anniston, Ala., was dangerously stabbed a few days ago while trying to collect a debt. The Birmingham Age gives the following account of the affair:

"An unfortunate difficulty occurred about noon to day in the office of M. W. McCraw & Co. Lucien Keith, an attorney, presented a claim which McCraw declined to be responsible for. Words led to blows. In the affray Mr. Keith was cut in the abdomen. The knife passed through a pocket-book in his vest pocket, cutting off a piece of a silver dollar it contained. McCraw was put under \$1,500 bond. A preliminary trial is deferred for several days, awaiting the result of Mr. Keith's wound. Particulars cannot be obtained until after the trial. Both young men stand high, and this affair is generally greatly regretted."

Two young men of Garden Plain, Kan., fought with slugsshots in church to determine which should escort a young woman to her home. One of them had his skull fractured and he died. The minister and his wife suffered slight injuries.

The testimony in the case of Ann Oliver, on trial at Romney, W. Va., for the murder of Benj. Brooks, was concluded and argument commenced yesterday.

An effort is now being made to get Mr. Davis to visit the Richmond fair on the 28th.

A newly elected Congressman said last week, speaking of an old friend who had voted against him: "Now there's nothing mean about me, for when I saw that fellow suffering with a terrible cough, I forgave his going back on me and told him to use Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup."

STATE DEMOCRATIC EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE, ALEXANDRIA, VA., Sept. 30, 1887. The following additional appointments for public speaking are announced:

GEN. W. H. P. LEE, Prince William, Monday, October 3.  
MANN PAOR, Lunenburg, Monday, Oct. 10.  
MECKLENBURGH, Monday, Oct. 17.  
DINWIDDIE, Monday, Oct. 24.

JOHN S. BARBOUR, Chairman.  
W. W. SCOTT, Secretary.

I SUFFERED from a very severe cold in my head for months and used everything I could find, but without relief. Was advised to use Ely's Cream Balm. It has worked like magic in my case. I am free from my cold after using the Balm one week and I believe it is the best remedy known. Feeling grateful for what it has done for me, I send this testimonial.

SAMUEL J. HARRIS, Wholesale Grocer, 119 Front street, New York.

Two bottles of Ely's Cream Balm cured the wife of a well-known U. S. A. General and also two army officers in Arizona of catarrh.

## MONETARY AND COMMERCIAL.

Business remains very quiet, though the outlook is somewhat more encouraging. The ease of the money market, caused by the Government bond purchases, was a relief, and promises good results, while the demand is less urgent. U. S. bonds are quoted dull. Virginia past-due coupons, fundable at 50 per cent., are quoted at 30a 33, and non-fundable at 29 bid. Railroad securities are a very quiet. Va. Mid. 24 112a114; 5th 102; inc. 50a93.

NEW YORK, September 30.—The influences prevailing at the close last evening were still in force this morning, and first prices were from 3/4 to 3/8 per cent. lower among the active stocks. The general list was very dull, but Richmond and West Point was quite active. The market soon showed considerable strength, however, and a few stocks made decided advances. The advances in the remainder of the list were for 3/4 to 3/8 per cent. only. Richmond and West Point being most conspicuous. The market then became extremely dull and prices sagged off, many stocks being carried below the opening prices. There was little further change in the market, and at 11 o'clock it was dull and rather heavy at but slight changes from opening figures. Money easy at 4a5.

BALTIMORE, Sept. 30.—Virginia 6a consolidated —; past-due coupons —; 10-40s 35; new 3a 60 bid to-day.

WHOLESALE PRICES OF PRODUCE SEPT. 30		
Flour, fine.....	\$2.25	@ 2.50
Extra.....	2.75	@ 3.00
Superfine.....	3.50	@ 3.90
Family.....	4.10	@ 4.60
Fancy brands.....	4.50	@ 5.00
Wheat, Longberry.....	0.74	@ 0.82
Fultz.....	0.75	@ 0.79
Mixed.....	0.75	@ 0.79
Fair Wheat.....	0.70	@ 0.75
Damp and tough.....	0.60	@ 0.70
Corn, white.....	0.55	@ 0.57
Yellow.....	0.54	@ 0.56
Corn Meal.....	0.56	@ 0.58
Rye.....	0.47	@ 0.53
Oats, new.....	0.30	@ 0.35
Butter, Virginia prime.....	0.20	@ 0.22
Common to middling.....	0.12	@ 0.15
Eggs.....	0.17	@ 0.18
Live Chickens.....	0.10	@ 0.11
Veal Calves.....	0.5	@ 0.6
Irish Potatoes per bushel.....	0.50	@ 0.60
Onions.....	1.10	@ 1.50
Dried Peaches, peeled.....	0.7	@ 0.8
" " unpeeled.....	0.4	@ 0.5
" " Charolais.....	0.14	@ 0.15
Dried Apples.....	0.3	@ 0.4
Hams—country.....	0.13 1/2	@ 0.14
Best sugar cured hams.....	0.13 1/2	@ 0.14
Butcher's Hams.....	0.13 1/2	@ 0.14
Breakfast Bacon.....	0.12	@ 0.00
Sugar-cured Shoulders.....	0.8	@ 0.84
Pork shoulders.....	0.62	@ 0.7
" " l. c. sides.....	0.94	@ 0.9
" " fat backs.....	0.84	@ 0.9
" " bellies.....	0.94	@ 0.10
Bacon Shoulders.....	0.7	@ 0.74
" " Sides.....	0.10 1/2	@ 0.10 1/2
Lard.....	0.15 1/2	@ 0.16
Smoked Beef.....	0.5	@ 0.5 1/2
Sausages—Horseshoe.....	0.5 1/2	@ 0.6
" " O. F. A.....	0.6	@ 0.6 1/2
Conf. Standard A.....	0.6	@ 0.6 1/2
Granulated.....	0.68	@ 0.69
Coffees—Rio.....	0.19	@ 0.22

La Guayra.....	0.22	@ 0.24
Java.....	0.25	@ 0.28
Molasses.....	0.15	@ 0.16
" C. B.....	0.17	@ 0.18
Sugar Syrup.....	0.32	@ 0.33
Herring, Eastern, per bbl.....	3.50	@ 3.75
Potomac No. 1.....	5.00	@ 5.50
Pot. Family Roe per bbl.....	9.50	@ 10.00
Do. 1/2 barrel.....	4.75	@ 5.25
Mackerel, small, per bbl.....	0.00	@ 0.00
" No. 3, medium.....	00.00	@ 00.00
" No. 3, large, fat.....	13.00	@ 14.00
" No. 2.....	15.00	@ 18.00
Clotter Seed.....	4.00	@ 4.75
Timothy.....	2.50	@ 2.70
Feather, ground, per ton.....	4.75	@ 5.00
Flax, in house.....	5.75	@ 6.00
Lump.....	3.50	@ 3.75
Salt—G.A. (Liverpool).....	0.75	@ 0.80
Fine.....	1.20	@ 1.20
Turk's Island.....	1.15	@ 1.20
Wool—Long unwashed.....	0.26	@ 0.27
Do. Washed.....	0.22	@ 0.24
Merino, unwashed.....	0.22	@ 0.24
Do. Washed.....	0.30	@ 0.31
Sumac.....	0.70	@ 0.75
Hay.....	10.00	@ 13.00
Cut do.....	18.00	@ 19.00
Wheat Bran per ton per car.....	17.25	@ 17.25
Brown Middlings.....	18.25	@ 18.25
White ".....	19.00	@ 19.00
Hominy Chop.....	19.00	@ 20.00
Cotton Seed Meal.....	24.00	@ 26.00